







WTRPRO CI-pH WTRPRO PIQ



SAFETY RULES

To avoid personal or environmental damages and to guarantee a proper operation of the equipment, the staff in charge of the installation, set up and maintenance of the equipment must follow the instructions of this manual, specially those recommendations and warnings explicitly detailed. In addition, specific instructions for the chemical products to be dosed should be followed.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION	4
2 TRANSPORT AND MAINTENANCE	6
3 TECHNICAL FEATURES	6
4 OPERATION 4.1 Start screens and menus acces 4.2 Set point 4.2.1 Free Chlorine set point 4.2.2 pH set point	8 10 10
4.3 Calibration 4.3.1 Free Chlorine calibration 4.3.2 pH calibration 4.3.3 Flowmeter calibration 4.4 Selection control outputs	11 12 12 13
4.5 Alarms 4.5.1 Free Chlorine alarm 4.5.2 pH alarm 4.5.3 Flow alarm 4.6 Values register	14 15 16 17
4.7 Configurations menu 4.7.1 Installation delay time 4.7.2 Units 4.7.3 Product to dose for pH 4.7.4 Product to dose for Free Chlorine 4.7.5 pH sensor 4.7.6 Temperature sensor	18 19 19 19 19
4.8 Set up configurations 4.8.1 PI control 4.8.2 Communications 4.8.3 Cleaning frequency Free Chlorine sensor 4.8.4 Time refresh 4.8.5 Verification signal input	21 22 22 22 23
5 INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS	24
6 START-UP	26
7 MAINTENANCE	29
DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY	31
WARRANTY	31

1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

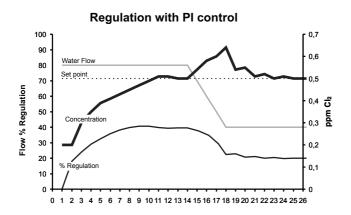


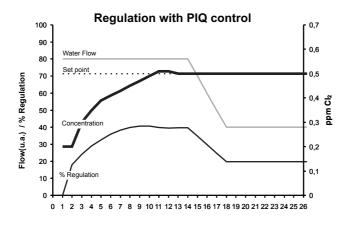
The WTRPRO controller together with the DOSITEC and DOSTEC dosing pumps constitute a complete control and dosing system for water treatments.

WTRPRO controller allows the user to monitor flow, pH, free chlorine and temperature, and to regulate them by means of the control outputs for dosing pump (or proportional valve in treatment systems with gas chlorine).

Depending on the configuration, control in recirculation (or closed circuit) by means of output relay, or in-line control by means of analogic output (mA) with PI regulation, can be done.

For WTRpro PIQ controller, the regulation algorithm uses the flow information to control free chlorine. This way, a better response is obtained when set point is being approached. Also the changes due to water flow fluctuations are minimised. (See graphics)





WTRPRO models

WTRPRO pH-CI

Reading system and automatic adjustment of pH and free Chlorine

Control 4-20mA with PI adjustment or for proportional relay, for pH and free Chlorine

Output for maximum and minimum alarm, for pH and free Chlorine

Output 4-20mA for register, for pH and free Chlorine

PC communication (RS485)

WTRPRO PIQ

Automatic reading and regulation system of the pH and free Chlorine with adjustment to the flow (PIQ)

Control 4-20mA with adjustment PIQ or for proportional relay, for pH and free Chlorine

Outputs alarms of maximum and minimum, for pH and free Chlorine

Output alarm flow zero

Output 4-20mA of register, for pH and free Chlorine

Communication PC (Rs485)

System description



- (1) LCD Screen
- (2) Keyboard: (ENT) Confirm

Exit without confirm

▲ 🔻 Increase / reduce value

► Move left/right

3 Connections ruler guide

2 TRANSPORT AND MAINTENANCE



The original packaging is designed to ensure that the transport and storage of the system can be carried out without causing damages to the system, provided these processes are performed inside dry, ventilated areas and away from sources of heat.

The packaging includes: WTRPRO controller Instruction manual

3 TECHNICAL FEATURES

Power supply: 230VAC (+/-10%) - 50/60Hz

+12Vdc

Protection: IP65

Work temperature: 0 - 45 °C

Relative Humidity max.: 95% (without condensation)

MEASURE LIMITS

Flow: 0.00 - 9999 (m3/h ó gph)

PH: 0.00 - 14.00

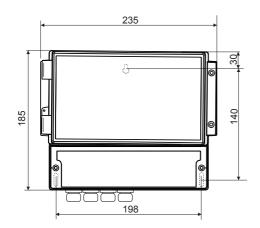
(pH reading with temperature compensation)

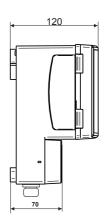
Free chlorine: 0.00 - 3.00 ppm

(Free Chlorine reading with ph compensation in the status of 6.5-9.0)

Temperature: 0.0 -100 °C; 32.0 - 212 °F

DIMENSIONS





INPUTAND OUTPUTACCORDING TO THE MODEL



WTRPRO pH-CI:

- pH input. Optically isolated for the pH sensor connection.
- Chlorine input. Optically isolated for the free Chlorine sensor connection (ref;44-010)
- Output control pH: Type 4-20mA with adjustment PI or by proportional relay.
- Output control free Chlorine: Type 4-20mA with adjustment PI or by proportional relay.
- Output 4-20mA for register of the PH and free Chlorine
- Output RS485 for connection to PC
- Output pH alarms: Relay output NO 24V AC 1A maximum.
- Output alarm free Chlorine: Relay output NO 24V AC 1
- Output alarm flow zero sensor in holder sensor(Q switch): Relay NO 24V AC 1A maximum

WTRPROPIQ:

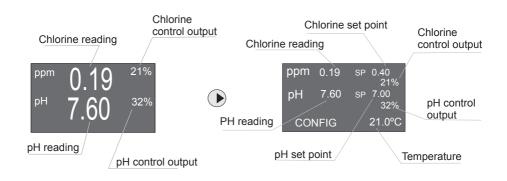
- -pH input. Optically optically isolated for the pH sensor connection.
- -Chlorine input. Optically isolated for the free Chlorine sensor connection (ref;44-010)
- -Flow input. Pulse input optically isolated for high frequence flowmeters (paddle wheel or electromagnetic)
- -Output control pH: Type 4-20mA with adjustment PI or by proportional relay.
- Output control free Chlorine: Type 4-20mA with adjustment PI or by proportional relay.
- Output 4-20mA for register of the PH and free Chlorine
- Output RS485 for connection to PC
- Output pH alarm: Relay NO 24V AC -1A maximum
- Output free Chlorine alarm: Relay NO 24V AC 1A maximum.
- -Output flow sensor's alarm in the sensor holder (Q Switch): Relay NO 24V AC 1A maximum

4 OPERATION



4.1 START SCREENS AND MENU ACCES

WTRPRO pH-CI



		Chlorine set point	
ppm 0.19 SP 0.40 21% pH 7.60 SP 7.00	(ENT)	ppm SP 0.40 ppm	Calibration Output control
32%		CONTROL————————————————————————————————————	Alarms
CONFIG 21.0°C		REGISTER—	Value record

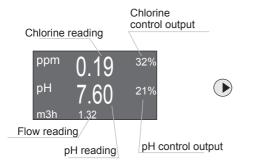
					p	H set point	
pН	0.19 7.60 NFIG	SP 0.40 21% SP 7.00 32% 21.0°C	2x	ENT	рН	SP 7.00 CAL CONTROL ALARM REGISTER	Calibration Output control Alarms Value record

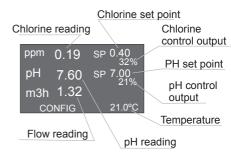
 $NOTE: When \,Q = 0 \,alarm\,is\,activated, press\,ESC\,and\,access\,quickly\,to\,a\,menu\,of\,a\,parameter$

Example: (ESC) (ENT) To access the ppm menu (Chlorine). Now the display will not be blocked for the alarm, and the sensor can be calibrated.



WTRPRO PIQ





ppm 0.19 рΗ 7.60 m3h 1.32 CONFIG



Chlorine set point

pH set point

ppm SP 0.40 ppm	Calibration
CAL ————————————————————————————————————	Output control
ALARM	Alarms
REGISTER	Value record

ppm	0.19	SP 0.40 32%
рН	7.60	SP 7.00 21%
m3h	1.32	2170
CC	ONFIG	21.0°C



рН	SP 7.00	Calibration
ľ	CAL -	Output control
	CONTROL————————————————————————————————————	Alarms
	REGISTER	Value record

ppm	0.19	SP 0.40 32%
рН	7.60	SP 7.00 21%
m3h	1.32	2170
CC	ONFIG	21.0°C



4.2 SET POINT (SP)



4.2.1 FREE CHLORINE SET POINT







Free chlorine set point value. Change values with ▼ ▲ and confirm with ENT

4.2.2 pH SET POINT









Ph set point value.
Change values with ▼ ▲ and confirm with ENT

4.3 CALIBRATION











There are two methods to calibrate:

1 point, Normal calibration procedure.

2 points, Inicitial calibration procedure for a installation with low chlorine readings.

Polarization time:

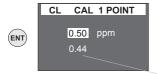
The sensor must be with chlorine water flow for 24 hours prior to calibration.

Another option is to have the sensor with chlorine water for one hour, calibrate, and repeat the calibration after 24 hours.



Routine calibration with 1 point.

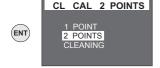
To confirm with ENT.



Wait until you have a stable reading.

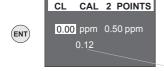
Take sample of this water and mesure the chlorine level with the DPD-1 test kit. Press ▼▲ to introduce the value of the DPD-1 measurement and confirm with **ENT**

Current reading of the uncalibrated sensor



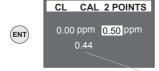
Inicial calibration throught 2 points.

Confirm with **ENT**



Let water at 0.00 ppm flow through the sensor. Wait for a stable reading and confirm with **ENT**

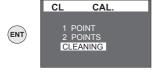
Current reading of the uncalibrated sensor



Let water flow through the sensor for 10 minutes

Take sample of this water and mesure the chlorine level with the DPD-1 test kit. Press ▼▲ to introduce the value of the DPD-1 measurement and confirm with **ENT**

Current reading of the uncalibrated sensor



With the CLEANING option a sensor cleaning is done. This function will have to use when the readings are incorrect. Normally the sensor cleaning proces takes 1 minute, but are necessary 20 minutes more to obtain again the correct reading. (See paragraph 4.8.3).

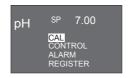
Press ENT to start the cleaning

4.3.2 pH CALIBRATION













Introduce the sensor in the buffer of pH7
Wait 1 minute and confirm with FNT

Current reading of the uncalibrated sensor





Press ▶ ◀ in order to select 4 or 9 (according to the buffer to use)

Introduce the sensor in the correct buffer (pH4 or pH9) Wait a minute and confirm with **ENT**

Current reading of the uncalibrated sensor

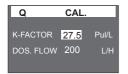
4.3.3 FLOWMETER CALIBRATION







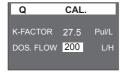




K-Factor (pulses/liter or pulses/gallon):
See flowmeter manual to determine the K-factor
Change values with ▼ ▲ and confirm with ENT

When K-FACTOR = 0, the PIQ control will be disabled, it will be working by means PI control.





The nominal flow of the dosing pump in the work conditions. Change values with ▼ ▲ and confirm with ENT

4.4 CONTROL SELECTION OUTPUT



The system have one or two outputs (according to the model) for the dosing pumps control. Set each output in the corresponding parameter menu.









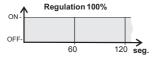


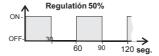
Dosing pump control ON: activated **OFF**: not activated

Press be to change it, and confirm with ENT

There are two types of control outputs:

RELAY output: Generally used for recirculation dosing. Using this on/off command the output will remain activated, in 60-second cycles, for the corresponding time so as to achieve the desired regulation. Examples:







4-20mA output: Generally used in-line dosing. A dosing pump is needed with 4-20mA analogue input. Using the parameter LIMIT OUT enables the user to limit the maximum flow of the dosing pump. Example: LIMIT OUT 50 %-> The output is limited to 12mA; maximum dosing flow is reduced by half





Type of control for the dosing pump

RELE: relay sign on / off

Press to change it, and validate with ENT





Type of control for the dosing pump 4-20mA: analogical sign 4-20mA

Press to change it, and validate with ENT

(ENT



Limit of the sign 4-20mA Change value with ▼ ▲ and validate with ENT

4.5 ALARMS



4.5.1 FREE CHLORINE ALARM









CL	ALARI	М
ppm+	0.20	
ppm-	0.00	
REARM:Y STOP: N		

Higher differential in relation to set point Increase or decrease by pressing \blacktriangledown \blacktriangle and validate with ENT





Time allowed away from greater differential before alarm is activated

Increase or decrease by pressing $\blacktriangledown \blacktriangle$ and validate with ENT





Lower differential in relation to set point Increase or decrease by pressing ▼ ▲ and validate with ENT





Time allowed away from greater differential before alarm is activated

Increase or decrease by pressing ▼ ▲ and validate with ENT





Automatic reset of the alarm when the reading is correct.

Y: auto reset

N: no auto reset

Press ▼ ▲ to change it, and validate with ENT

ENT



If the alarm sounds the control stops for:

P: Selected parameter

T: All parameters

N: None

Press ▼ ▲ to change it, and validate with ENT

4.5.2 ALARM pH











PH	ALARM		
pH+	1.00		
pH-	0.00		
REARM: Y STOP: N			

Higher differential in relation to set point Increase or decrease by pressing ▼ ▲ and validate with ENT



PH	ALA	ARM
pH+ pH-	1.00 0.00	25 s s
REARM STOP:	:Y N	

Time allowed away from greater differential before alarm is activated

Increase or decrease by pressing ▼ ▲ and validate with ENT





Lower differential in relation to set point Increase or decrease by pressing ▼ ▲ and validate with ENT



PH	ALA	RM
pH+	1.00	25 s
pH-	0.50	20 s
REARM STOP:	:Y N	

Time allowed away from greater differential before alarm is activated

Increase or decrease by pressing $\blacktriangledown \blacktriangle$ and validate with ENT



PH	ALA	RM
pH+	1.00	25 s
pH-	0.50	20 s
REARM STOP:	1: Y N	

Automatic reset of the alarm when the reading is correct.

Y: auto reset N: no auto reset

Press ▼ ▲ to change it, and validate with ENT

ENT

PH	ALARM			
pH+	1.00	25 s		
pH-	0.50	20 s		
REARM: Y STOP: P				

If the alarm sounds the control stops for:

P: Selected parameter

T: All parameters

N: None

Press ▼ ▲ to change it, and validate with ENT

4.5.3 FLOW ALARM



The flow detector of the sensor holder (Ref 44-020) is used to stop the control in case of insufficient flow. At this moment "ALARM Q=0 "will appear on-screen and will activate alarm output "ALM " ("ALM Sw. Q"). When the flow is correct again, it reset automatically. If you do not have a flow detector, a bridge must be placed in terminals 1-3 of the Q Switch.

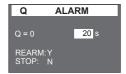
If there is a flowmeter in the principal pipe (model WTRPRO PIQ) the alarm can be configured. If programmed the alarm can rearm the control and stop the parameters.







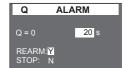




Time allowed at zero flow before alarm is activated (----s =disabled alarm)

Increase or decrease by pressing ▼ ▲ and validate with FNT





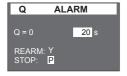
Automatic reset of the alarm when the reading is correct.

Y: auto reset

N: no auto reset

Press ▼ ▲ to change it, and validate with ENT





In case of alarm the control stops of:

P: Chosen parameter

T: All the parameters

Press▼ ▲ to change it, and validate with ENT

4.6 VALUES REGISTER



The system has one or two output4-20mA analogue outputs for registering values (depending on the model). Configure the output within the corresponding parameter.











Introduce the corresponding value for 4mA output Increase or decrease by pressing ▼ ▲ and validate with ENT.





Introduce the corresponding value for 20mA output Increase or decrease by pressing \blacktriangledown \blacktriangle and validate with ENT.

4.7 CONFIGURATIONS MENU (CONFIG)









4.7.1 INSTALATION DELAY TIME (T DELAY)

This parameter corresponds to the time between two consecutive orders by the WTRPRO for positioning the regulation outputs. For a correct regulation, this time has to be greater than the one that takes a drop of product dosed in moving from the point of injection to the point where the sensor is. (See Section 6-Start-Up)

In the WTRPRO pH-Q model, equipped with a flowmeter, the parameter Q test makes it possible to establish a reference flow in order to define a variable Tdelay.

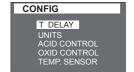
For a Qtest=0, the Tdelay will be fixed.

For a Qtest other than 0, the Tdelay will change in inverse proportion to to the change of the flow variation.

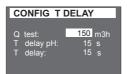
Example:

For a Qtest=20m ³/h, and an initial Tdelay of 20 seconds, when the flow is 40m/h, then the Tdelay will be 10 seconds.









Introduce the reference flow to define the values of the Tdelay

Change value with ▼▲ and validate with ENT





Introduce the Delay Time (Tdelay) of the pH, which is the time that passes between two consecutive orders (see paragraph 6)

Increase or decrease by pressing ▼▲ and validate with ENT





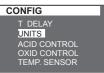
Introduce the Delay Time (Tdelay) for the RX, which is the time that passes between two consecutive orders (see paragraph 6)

Increase or decrase by pressing ▼ ▲ and validate with ENT

4.7.2 UNITS

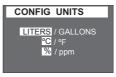












Select units pressing > and validate with ENT

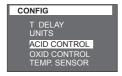
LITERS: GALLONS

°C: degrees centigrade / °F: degrees Fahrenheit

%: percentage / ppm: parts per million

4.7.3 FOR PH ACID/BASE CONTROL







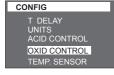


Select according to the product dose.

ACID: Acid product
BASE: Alkaline product
Press b to change it,
and validate with ENT

4.7.4 FOR OXIDATION/REDUCTION CONTROL











Select according to the product dose.

OX: Oxidizing product RD: Reducing product Press ▶ to change it, and validate with ENT

4.7.5 PH SENSOR

With this parameter we select if we have pH sensor. If we don't have a sensor we can introduce the pH value manually in order to adjust the free chlorine reading.







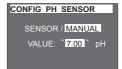




Select SENSOR if we have a pH sensor

Press ▶ to changeit, and confirm with **ENT**





If we don-t have a pH sensor, select MANUAL and press **ENT** ilntroduce the pH value manualy.

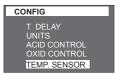
Change value with ▼ ▲ and confirm with ENT



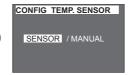
4.7.5 TEMPERATURE SENSOR

The equipment has compensation of temperature for the pH reading. In case of not having sensor of temperature, introduce the value manually for it's compensation





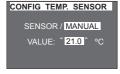




Select sensor if you have a temperature sensor.

Press ▶ to change it, and validate with ENT





If ithere isn't a temperature sensor introduce the value manually

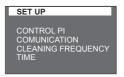
Change value with ▼ ▲ and validate with ENT

4.8 SET UP CONFIGURATION









4.8.1 PI CONTROL

The adjustment of pH values and free Chlorine is realized by a proportional integral regulation (PI).

The model WTRPRO-PIQ incorporates the flow information in the regulation PI, obtaining a PIQ regulation.

The reference flow for the PIQ calculation is the flow just after the first Tdelay. It is possible to update this value setting the control for 1 second (see paragraph 4.4). The adjustment of the flow will be done according to the refresh time (see paragraph 4.8.4).

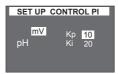
The parameters to change the approximationPI curve are Kp(Proportional) and Ki (Integral).

The default values (Kp=10, Ki=20) are standard values for a vast majority of installations where in-line control is performed.

For a control in recirculation, the value of Ki = 0, except in special applications.







Free chlorine control , proportionality contamt for the control PI Kp:10 Change value with ▼ ▲ and validate with ENT



Free chlorine control, integral constant for the control PI Ki:20

Change valueu with ▼ ▲ validate with ENT



pH control, proportionality constant for the PI control Kp:10

Change value with $\ lacktriangledown$, and validate with ENT



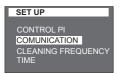
pH control, integral constant for the PI control Ki:20

Change value with ▼ ▲ , and validate with ENT

4.8.2 COMMUNICATION









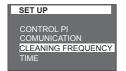


Identification of the equipment for connection to an RS 485

Press ▼ ▲ to change it, and validate with ENT

4.8.3 CLEANING FREQUENCY









Control type during the cleaning sensor

Press ▼ ▲ to change it, and validate with FNT

The cleaning process of the sensor default last 1 minute, but 20 additional minutes are needed to have again the correct reading (the reading is visualized in flashing signal). During this time we can determine the type of control.

HOLD: The control will continue in the same position that it was before activating the cleaning.

OFF: The control stops during the cleaning.







Sensor's cleanning time . Change value with▼▲ and confirm with ENT



Frequency for the cleaning activation Change value with▼▲ and confirm with ENT

4.8.4 TIME REFRESH









5 S.

Time refresh of the flow for PIQ calculation (PI adjustment determined to the flow) Change value with to confirm with FNT

4.8.3 CHECKING



In the CHECKING menu we can verify the state of the sensors, visualizing the readings of the sensors in mV or in Hz, according to the sensor.









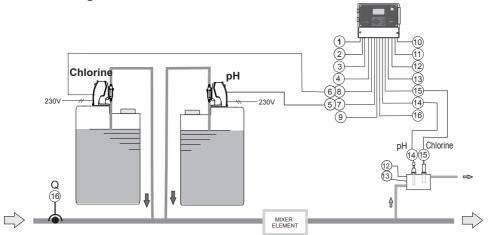
450	mV
-40	mV
25	Hz

5 INSTALLATION AND WIRING

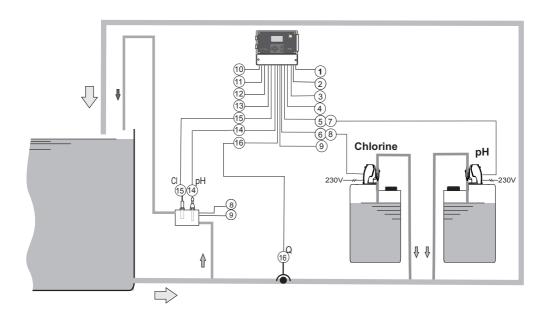


Choose a place protected from the water, away from sources of heat and direct sunlight to install the system.

In-line dosing



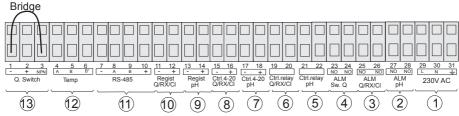
Recirculation dosing

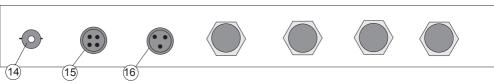


WIRING



- 1) Power supply 230 V AC +/- 10%, 50/60Hz (n° 29,30,31)
- (2) Alarm output pH. Relay NO, 24V AC-1A máx(nº 27,28)
- (3) Alarm output free Chlorine. Relay NO, 24V AC-1A máx(nº 25,26)
- (4) Flow detector alarm output, Switch Q. Relay NO, 24V AC-1A máx(nº 23,24)
- (5) Output control relay pH (nº 21,22)
- (6) Output control relay free Chlorine Cl (nº 19,20)
- (7) Output control 4-20 mA pH (nº 17,18)
- (8) Output control 4-20 mA free Chlorine CI (nº 15,16)
- (9) Output register pH (nº 13,14)
- (10) Output register free Chlorine CI (nº 11,12)
- (11) Output RS485 for the connection to a PC (no 7,8,9,10)
- (12) Temperature sensor input (nº 4,5,6)
- (13) Flow detector input, Q.switch (nº 1,2,3)(If the Q.switch is not povided, place a bridge betwen 1 and 3)
- (14) PH sensor input, pH (socket BNC)
- (15) Free Chlorine sensor input ,Cl (4 pins socket)
- (16) Flowmeter sensor input ,Q (3 pins socket)(model WTRPRO PIQ)





The probe wires must pass through a separate canalization. A feed sectioning device must be installed which complies with Standard EN-

A feed sectioning device must be installed which complies with Standard EN-60204-1.

A disconnection device must be installed in case of emergency. The system will have to be protected to prevent undesired sudden start-ups

6 START-UP AND REGULATION



1. Installation:

Install the system and connect the pumps (see Installation and connections)

2. Calibration and configuration of the system:

Calibrate the corresponding sensors (pH, RX) (See Calibration)

Configure the system: Set point

Type of control

Installation and system configurations

3. Checking readings

Start the installation work and check to ensure that the sensor readings are correct

4. Checking dosing pump operation:

The DOSITEC dosing pump is activated by means of the keyboard of the pump ("Manual" function)

Dosing pumps with frequency variator: place the inverter box switch in position 50Hz.

5. Determine the "Tdelay" (Delay Time), according to the installation:

This parameter corresponds to the time that passes between two consecutive orders of the WTRpro, for positioning the regulation outputs.

5.1 RECIRCULATION DOSING

In this case the Tdelay must be the minimum possible (Tdelay = 2 s)

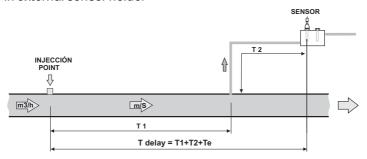
5.2 IN-LINE DOSING

The Tdelay is the time that a drop of dosed product takes to move from the point of injection to the point where the sensor is, plus the sensor reaction time.

The Tdelay changes when the installation flow is varied. To optimize regulation, the Tdelay can be associated with a certain flow (Q Test), so that the WTRPRO modifies the Tdelay according to the water flow.

Sensor in external sensor holder





Tdelay Calculation

$$Tdelay = T1 + T2 + Te$$

T1 = Main pipe time

$$T1 = \frac{0.28 \times L \times D^2}{Q \times 100}$$

L = Length principal pipe (m)

Q = flow (m3/h)

D = inner pipe diameter(mm)

T2 = Time in hose of the sensor holder (ref:44-020) with flow regulator to 50l/h and inner hose diameter of 6mm

$$T2 = 2 \times I$$

L = length for the hose to sensor holder (m)

Te = Sensor stabilization time (Te = 5 s)



Bear in mind that if there is a filter or another element that retains a considerable volume of water between the point of injection and the sensor this calculation will have to be corrected.

Example:

A pipe with an inner diameter of 190 mm (D=19), with a flow of 100 m3/h (Q=100). The length between the point of injection and the sensor is 10 metres (L=10m.). By applying the formula we find the Tdelay = 10 seconds.

The length of tubes from the sensor holder is 2 metres (l = 2). By applying the formula we find the T2 = 4 seconds,

Supposing a sensor stabilization time of 5 s, Te=5

Finally, by applying the initial formula, the user will find the Tdelay = 19 seconds





If the T2 time is very much lower than the T1 time, we may consider the Tdelay to be variable with the flow, meaning that we will introduce the value of the Qtest.

If the T2 time is slightly lower or higher than the T1 time, it is incorrect to consider that the Tdelay is variable with the flow, meaning we will introduce a Qtest = 0, thus establish a fixed Tdelay

Practical determination of the Tdelay

- 1. Let non-trated water flowing through the pipes making sure that there is no product dosage.
- 2. Wait until the sensor readings are stable.
- 3. Start a dosing pump manually and start a chronometer at the same time.
- 4. The reading of the corresponding sensor will begin to increase until becoming stable. The chronometer will then stop, and the time which has passed will be Tdelay time.
- 5. Introduce the value of the flow with which this has been carried out, within the Qtest parameter, so as to have a Tdelay that varies with the flow. (For a fixed Tdelay, introduce a Qtest = 0).

See paragraph 4.7.1

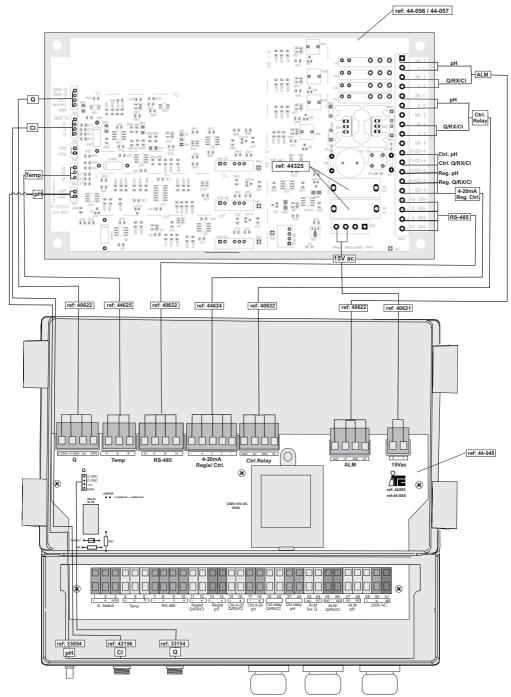
6.- Alarms:

Configure the alarms, once you have checked to ensure the proper operation of the installation.

See paragraph 4.5

7. MANTENANCE





List of parts



Models WTRPRO pH-Cl

CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY
33654	Cable pH (RX) (CBNC 2P)	1
42156	Cable CI+(C 4P)	1
44-056	Electronic card WTRPRO pH-Cl assembly	1
44-045	Connection card WTRPRO 2 outputs	1
40621	Cable 2 wire female elbow strips	1
40622	Cable 4 wire female elbow strips	4
44625	Cable 3 wire female elbow strips	1
44624	Cable 5 wire female elbow strips	1
59316	Fuse 1A 5x20	2

Models WTRPRO PIQ

CODE	DESCRIPTION	QUANTITY
33154	Flowmeter cable C+(C 3P)	1
33654	Cable pH (RX) (CBNC 2P)	1
42156	Cable CI+(C 4P)	1
44-057	Electronic card WTRPRO pH-Q assembly	1
44-045	Connection card WTRPRO 2 outputng	1
40621	Cable 2 wire female elbow strips	1
40622	Cable4 wire female elbow strips	4
44625	Cable 3 wire female elbow strips	1
44624	Cable 5 wire female elbow strips	1
59316	Fuse 1A 5x20	2

OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES

CODE 20-000	DESCRIPTION Flowmeter 12,5bar 7m GFX0
22-003	pH sensor 1m - 6 bar with 3/4 adapter
22-020	Dirty water pH sensor 5m with 3/4 adapter
22-050	RX sensor 5m with 3/4 adapter
44-010	Free chlorine amperometric sensor
44-020	Multifunction sensor holder
44125	Temperature Sensor Pt100
44305	Inductive flow detector

CONFORMITY DECLARATION

I.T.C S.L.. Vallès, 26 Polígono Industrial Can Bernades-Subirà 08130 Santa Perpètua de Mogoda

Declares that all the models of the products WTRPRO identified with serial number and year of manufacture fulfill the Managing Low Tension D2006/95/CE and the board of Electromagnetic Compatibility D2004/108/CE whenever the installation, the use and the maintenance are carried out in agreement in accordance with the current regulation and following the indications of the manual of instructions.

Antón Planas Gerente

WARRANTY

I.T.C. S.L. warranties the product specified in this document by the period of 1 year from the date of buy, against any shortcoming of manufacture or material, whenever the installation, use and maintenance of the team have been the correct ones.

The system must be sent, freely from expenses, to our workshop or technical service of I.T.C. Accredited S.L. and his return will be carried out to due freightages.

It will should accompany the system the document of guarantee with the date of buy and stamp of the selling establishment, or photocopy of the invoice of buy.

DOSING PUMPS	SERIES Nº
00	

MODEL

Date of	f buy	and	stamp	of	the
selling	estab	olish	ment		

DATE:	
DAIL.	

Ed:30/04/2019-EN Original manual



C/ Vallès, 26 Pol. Ind. Can Bernades - Subirà P.O. Box 60 08130 Santa Perpètua de Mogoda BARCELONA

Tel. 93 544 30 40 Fax 93 544 31 61 www.itc-dosing-pumps.com